STATE OF NEW JERSEY
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
DOCKET NO. EDU 11069-14

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LEONOR ALCANTARA, individually and as Guardian ad Litem for E.A., et al.,

Petitioner,

-vs-

DAVID HESPE, COMMISSIONER:
OF EDUCATION, NEW JERSEY:
STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION:
AND NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT:
OF EDUCATION,:

Respondent.

D 1 1

TRANSCRIPTOFRECORDED PROCEEDINGS

July 22, 2019

## **BEFORE:**

THE HONORABLE SUSAN M. SCAROLA, A.L.J.

## APPEARANCES:

By: ARTHUR H. LANG, ESQ. Attorney(s) for Petitioner

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

By: Jennifer Hoff, DAG By: Geoffrey N. Stark, DAG Attorney(s) for Respondent

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WITNESS	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
ROBERT ORTLEY				
By Ms. Hoff	8			
By Mr. Lang		48		
By The Court	50			

NO.	DESCRIPTION	I.D.	EVID.
R-22	Audit Report, 5/19/14	14	15
R-23	Closeout Report and approval of Corrective Action Plan	43	44

Colloquy 4

1	THE COURT: Good morning. This is the matter
2	of <u>Alcantara</u> , et al. vs. <u>Hespe</u> , former Commissioner of
3	Education, Department of Education, et al. It's our
4	docket number EDU 11069-14.
5	Counsel, your appearances for the petitioner?
6	MR. LANG: Arthur Lang for petitioners.
7	MS. HOFF: Good morning, Your Honor. Deputy
8	Attorney General Jennifer Hoff on behalf of the
9	respondents. With me today also is Deputy Attorney
10	General Geoff Stark, (out of microphone range) George,
11	and Angela Velez from the Department of Education.
12	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
13	MS. HOFF: Thank you.
14	THE COURT: And appearing on behalf of the
15	participant?
16	MR. INZELBUCH: Michael Inzelbuch, and I need
17	to
18	THE COURT: All right. Very good.
19	MR. INZELBUCH: address the Court.
20	THE COURT: All right. So
21	MR. INZELBUCH: I would like to address the
22	Court.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Inzelbuch, you are a
24	participant and
25	MR. INZELBUCH: Actually

1	THE COURT: You are a
2	MR. INZELBUCH: I am a participant and
3	THE COURT: You are a participant and your
4	participation
5	MR. INZELBUCH: you quoted the wrong code
6	section, which does not apply.
7	THE COURT: Mr
8	MR. INZELBUCH: We have a right excuse me -
9	- we
10	THE COURT: Mr. Inzelbuch, please.
11	MR. INZELBUCH: we have a right
12	THE COURT: If you have a problem with my
13	ruling, take it up with the Commissioner.
14	MR. INZELBUCH: I don't have to take it up
15	with the Commissioner.
16	THE COURT: We are going to continue today
17	with Ms. Hoff.
18	MR. INZELBUCH: The code section you cited
19	THE COURT: At this time, you can
20	MR. INZELBUCH: does not exist.
21	THE COURT: continue with your examination.
22	MS. HOFF: Your Honor
23	MR. INZELBUCH: The code section you wrote
24	does not exist, I will put on the record.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Inzelbuch

	Colloquy 6
1	MR. LANG: Your Honor
2	THE COURT: Mr. Lang?
3	MR. LANG: Let me let me just it's
4	it's just a clerical error. It's
5	MR. INZELBUCH: Mr. Lang, you're not going to
6	speak for me.
7	THE COURT: Sixteen six.
8	MR. INZELBUCH: The code section
9	THE COURT: Mr. Inzelbuch
10	MR. INZELBUCH: yet another error by this
11	Court
12	THE COURT: if you have a problem, take it
13	up with the Commissioner.
14	MR. INZELBUCH: in this matter.
15	THE COURT: Or I will consider removing you as
16	a participant.
17	MR. INZELBUCH: You can do as you wish.
18	THE COURT: The application
19	MR. INZELBUCH: But I have a right under the
20	statute to argue
21	THE COURT: Unless you are causing undue
22	confusion and delay. This is Ms. Hoff's turn to
23	MR. INZELBUCH: I appreciate that, but
24	according to the order before you Judge Kennedy
25	we have a right to argue. That is here in an order

Colloquy

1	which preceded you.
2	THE COURT: That's okay, Mr. Inzelbuch.
3	MR. INZELBUCH: This is the
4	THE COURT: But now I'm running this hearing.
5	You don't have the opportunity today. In fact, I'm
6	might limit your participation or remove you totally as
7	a participant because
8	MR. INZELBUCH: Well you could threaten that
9	all you want. That would just be another grounds for
10	you to be removed.
11	THE COURT: That's good.
12	So, Ms. Hoff, will you please question your
13	witness.
14	MS. HOFF: Yes, thank you. I call to the
15	stand Robert Ortley, who is already sitting there.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Could you stand, please?
17	THE WITNESS: Oh, sure.
18	THE COURT: Raise your right hand.
19	ROBERT ORTLEY, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, SWORN.
20	THE COURT: State your name.
21	THE WITNESS: Robert.
22	THE COURT: Last name?
23	THE WITNESS: Ortley.
24	THE COURT: And spell it.
25	THE WITNESS: O-R-T-L-E-Y.

Division of Finance, conducting audits of data

1 submitted to the Department of Education on 2 applications for state school aid. 3 And you stated you were in that position for 4 how many years? 5 Α Nineteen years as a manager. 6 Okay. And a total of 38 years with the Department. 7 Α And what is your educational background? 8 Bachelor's degree in accounting. 9 Α 10 Okay. And you stated you've been with the 11 Department for 38 years prior to your retirement. What 12 other positions have you held there? 13 If you go back to the very beginning, entry level Α positions, associate auditor, senior auditor, 14 15 supervising auditor, assistant manager, and eventually, 16 manager. 17 Okay. Have you held any other positions 18 outside of the Department? 19 For a short time, about 11 months with the New Α 20 Jersey Department -- the New Jersey Natural Gas Company as an internal auditor. 21 22 Now as manager of the State Aid Audit Unit, 23 were you involved with individual audits in any 24 capacity?

Yes, I was involved with every audit that the

Ortley - Direct 1 office ever did during the 19 years that I was a 2 manager. And how were you involved? 3 My responsibilities was -- were to review and 4 5 evaluate the accuracy of the work papers and ensure 6 that the quality control of the audit reports was 7 sufficient for an accurate issuance of an audit finding. 8 9 And how were audits assigned to individual 10 auditors? 11 Basically, during most of the time, we had between five and seven audit staff and we assigned them based 12 13 upon an audit plan that was assembled every year and we rotated staff as best as we can, regionally. 14 15 Okay. And how many audits did your unit 16 conduct per year approximately? 17 It depended upon the size of the school districts. 18 We could do as many as 50 audit assignments in a year 19 if we were focusing on school districts with 20 enrollments of between 500 and 1,000 students. 21 Did you -- did you ever know ahead of time 22 what audits you would be conducting? 23 Usually about a year ahead of time. I was tasked 24 each year with assembling an audit plan based upon

requests by the Division of Finance and other offices

such as the Division of Special Ed and other offices within the Department of Education.

- Q And when your office staff -- when your auditors and you conducted and audit, did you go out to the individual school districts to do so?

  A Yes.
- Q Okay. So what, generally, did your office do to conduct an audit?

A The starting point with every audit is to evaluate each school district's adherence to requirements by the Division of Finance for sets of working papers that are supposed to be maintained by each school district to support the data submitted for state aid formula purposes.

- Q Okay. And did the districts submit these working papers for your review?
- A Upon request, yes.

- Q So what did you do with this information?

  A We examined it and compared it to the -- to the -we compared the documents to the data submitted to the

  Department through the electronic submission system,

  specific to whatever district we were auditing and the

  -- and the actual fiscal year that we selected for

  audit.
  - Q And did your office have a certain

1 methodology that you used when conducting audits?

A Yes, standard methodology, to compare lists and other -- other data sources within the district to the numbers that were reported to the Department of Education.

Q And did you follow this methodology across all school districts?

A Yes, we did.

Q Why?

A Well, it's the audit standard that we were charged with adhering to. So, you know, as an example, it could involve reviewing accounting records, purchase orders, transactions for payments, attendance records and such.

Q Okay. And what generally -- and I'm saying generally -- is the goal of an audit?

A The goal of an audit is to evaluate how well the district supported the numbers that were submitted to the Department of Education. And if there were variances involved or identified by our audit, we were responsible for working with the Division of Finance to recalculate the state aid numbers and restate them.

Q Okay. Did your office ever conduct an audit of Lakewood Public School District?

A Yes.

1 And for what reason was an audit conducted of Q Lakewood Public School District? 2 There were various requests, again, from the 3 Division of Finance, Assistant Commissioners' Offices, 4 5 County Superintendents -- a variety of -- of -- of 6 upper echelon department employees that assigned us to 7 audit the Lakewood School District. And would you -- would your office, though, 8 be responsible for auditing all school districts in the 9 State of New Jersey that received aid? 10 11 Yes, we could potentially audit anywhere at any 12 time. 13 And have you audited other school districts within the State of New Jersey? 14 15 Many of them over many years. 16 And so, when your office conducts an audit, 17 do you issue a report of those findings? 18 Yes, that's the ultimate conclusion of every 19 audit. 20 Okay. Can you turn to, in the front of your binder, what is labeled as "R-22?" Can you please take 21 22 a look at that briefly? 23 Α Okay. 24 Do you recognize what this document is, Mr.

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Ortley?

1 A Yes, I do.

- 2 Q And what is it?
  - A It's the audit report dated May 19<sup>th</sup>, 2014, which is detailing the findings involved with our audit of the October 14<sup>th</sup>, 2011 application for state school aid and district report of transported resident students.

(R-22 Marked for

Identification)

- Q Okay. And as the manager of the State Aid Audit Unit, did you take part in the creation of this report?
- A Yes, I did.
  - Q Okay. And was this report made near or at the time your office completed the audit into the ASSA/DRTRS audit of Lakewood?
  - A This audit was released at the conclusion of our extended fieldwork and internal review process that both myself, that I had to conduct, as well as the superiors that I reported to, and their reviews of this report.
  - Q And was this report made in the regular course of business at the State Aid Audit Unit?

    A Yes, it was.
  - Q And was it then kept or maintained as part of the regular course of business at the State Aid Audit

	Ortley - Direct 15
1	Unit?
2	A Yes, it was.
3	MS. HOFF: Your Honor, I would now like to
4	move R-22 into evidence.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Lang?
6	MR. LANG: Oh, other than the same objection I
7	had the other day about the relevance because it's so
8	old
9	THE COURT: As is as is your case,
10	actually.
11	MR. LANG: It is, yes. So it's the same thing
12	
13	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
14	MR. LANG: So I have no
15	THE COURT: So it will be admitted.
16	(R-22 Entered into
17	Evidence)
18	BY MS. HOFF:
19	Q Mr. Ortley, what was the purpose of this
20	particular audit?
21	A The purpose of this particular audit was to
22	determine the accuracy of the numbers or the data,
23	based upon enrollment records and accounting records of
24	the school district for state aid reporting purposes.

What is the Application for State School Aid?

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The application for state school aid is a data submission exercise or process that's been in existence dating way back to the mid 1970's. It transcends multiple state aid formulas that have been in existence through that time period and every year, every school district, particularly in -- since the 1990's, every school district has to report the number of students enrolled as of October -- essentially October 15th, each year. It's an annual report that every school district does every year for these purposes.

Why do they have to report the number of students enrolled?

Because the number of students involved are Α basically sorted into categories, multiple categories, and then used and applied to a formula by the Division of Finance in order to allocate state aid to all the school districts.

What is the District Report of Transported Resident Students?

That's a report that captures -- again, reports the data for all students being transported. And for state aid purposes, these students are generally the ones known as -- as more than remote from their home to school locations.

Is there a significance, the October date you

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have, October 14<sup>th</sup>, 2011? Is there -- October 14<sup>th</sup>?

A Yeah, October 14<sup>th</sup>, that year was -- it was the last -- basically the Friday preceding the 15<sup>th</sup> of October.

- Q And why -- why is that date important?

  A Well, the state aid law has always required -well, again, going back to the Quality Education Act of
  1990, districts are required to report the last
  enrollment, per -- per statute -- the last date of
  enrollment on or before October 15<sup>th</sup>, each year.
- Q Okay. And turning to the audit report, I am looking at page two, also labeled as "DOE-0128." You list a "Scope" section. To what is this referring?

  A This refers to all categories that are contained on the application for state school aid that are going to be subject to review of a particular audit. In this case, Lakewood's audit was -- this was the parameters of every enrollment category that we were responsible for reviewing and comparing to the ASSA numbers.
- Q And do you list out these categories in more detail throughout your report?

  A Yes.
- Q Okay. And when you're looking at these categories, do you look for any particular type of supporting documentation?

A Yes, there are supporting documents that are prescribed by the Department of Education to all school districts. Most notably, the lynch -- the lynchpin for all reporting is the official New Jersey School Register, which is a contemporaneous and continuous document which indicates and provides the reviewer daily attendance and absence for the entire school year.

- Q So did your office make any findings in this particular report?
- A Yes, we did.

- Q Okay. And are they listed in this report?

  A Yes, they are.
- "Findings," you first list "On-Roll Full-Time

  Students." What is an "on-roll full-time student?"

  A An on-roll full-time student in any school

  district is a student who's a public school student who

  lives in the school district, subject to -- to this

  process, anywhere from kindergarten up through grade

  12, if it's, in fact, a school district with all -- all

  12 grades applicable, as well as special education

  students.
- Q You state that "The District reported 5,267 students and OFAC -- " What is "OFAC?"

A The OFAC is an administrative group, the Office of Fiscal Accountability and Compliance. During the 19 years that I managed this group, for the first six or seven, I was assigned to report directly to Division of Finance, but then in 2007, the OFAC was created as a separate section and my office was organized under the OFAC. And the name of the signator, the director, on the cover letter of this report, Mr. Robert Cicchino, he was the director of the Office of Fiscal Accountability and Compliance.

- Q All right. Going back, "The District reported 5,267 students and OFAC verified 5,248 students." By what means did OFAC verify this?

  A This is an examination of each and every student in the New Jersey School Register, one at a time, page by page, to determine the amount of students actually recorded as being in continuous attendance for the entire month of October, which is the mechanism that's used to evaluate the October 14th count.
- Q Is -- so there's a difference in the two numbers. Is that correct?
- A That's correct.

- Q All right. Is there an issue when there's a difference between the two numbers?
- A In any of these categories, whenever there's as

much as even a change of one student, it can impact on the calculations of state aid.

- Q Your next finding refers to a category called "On-Roll Shared Time." What is on-roll shared time?

  A On-roll shared time basically is a count of students who spent essentially a half a day of their day in, say, for example, in this case, Lakewood High School, and the other half of their day would be in the Ocean County Vocational School.
- Q The District reported 90 students and OFAC verified 92, for an increase.
- A That's correct.

- Q And by what means did you verify that?

  A Same process as before, examining each and every name of each and every student in the enrollment and attendance registers, not only for Lakewood Public Schools, but also for the Ocean County Vocational Schools.
- Q And what do you mean exactly by, "an increase?"

A There were two more students. You know, basically, at the conclusion of the analysis, there are 92 students that could be identified by name in these school registers. So it's simply comparing it to the 90 reported by the District and the difference is a

1 positive two.

- Q And how does that affect state aid if there's an increase in students?
- A Well, for that category, there could actually -there could be an increase as a result of those two
  additional students. But every -- every one of these
  categories is netted out against each other.
- Q Your next finding refers to "Sent Full-Time." What is that?
- A These are schools -- students who, most probably because of a special education requirement or a need, most probably are students who are going to be sent out of the Lakewood School District to another local educational agency or public school district and they're going to be sent on a tuition basis, so they're still residents of the school district.
- Q So it states here that "The District reported

  12 students while the Department verified five

  students." What did you do to verify that?

  A Well, we tried to obtain the listing that

A Well, we tried to obtain the listing that contained the exact names of the 12 students and we could find no such listing, so we needed to examine special education rosters, individual education plans, and other tuition bills, and we were able to identify five students that were clearly sent out of district on

1 a tuition basis.

- Q And again, is this an issue?
- A It's an issue because they -- the District was paid for seven students that we could not identify and verify, although we attempted to do so.
  - Q Your next finding refers to "Sent Shared Time." What do you mean by this?
  - A This is -- this would -- an example of a student in this category would be a student that, for whatever reason program-wise, didn't receive their education within the district so they were sent to another public school district, but also probably attended the Ocean County Vocational School District.
  - Q Okay. And the District reported one but you could not verify any. What did you do to verify?

    A We inquired of the District as to the name of the student who was sent shared time and we were unable to be provided with any information for this category.
  - Q Your next finding refers to "Received Full-Time." Is that correct?
  - A That's correct.
  - Q And -- pardon me -- and what's received full-time?
  - A That would be a student who's not a Lakewood resident who is actually being received by the Lakewood

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School District from an out of school -- out of town student, public school student. And there's a tuition revenue in this case, so it's the -- it's the sending district's student resident enrollment that they get credit for, so that has to be backed out of the resident enrollment count here.

Q It says that you got -- you were able to verify this student. Is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q Why would you note this if the District's information was able to be verified?

A Well, as with all categories, the ultimate goal is we hope to come up with the number that the District reported, so in this case, we were able to do that.

Q Now your next finding is "Sent to Regional Day Schools." What is this?

A These are schools that exist anywhere -- you know, all over the State of New Jersey. There is one located in Jackson. And these are schools set up to provide specific special ed programs for specific students.

Again, they would have been residents of Lakewood who were sent to the regional day schools on the basis of a tuition payment.

Q And the District reported three students and the Department was able to verify. Is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q All right. The next category is "Sent to Private School for Students With Disabilities." What are you referring to?

A Private schools for students with disabilities — and again, these schools exist all over the State of New Jersey, and in some cases, are actually over the border in Pennsylvania. These are schools that have been in existence going back to the early 80's. They provide different types of special ed programs that may not be provided by public school districts. So a tuition is paid by the home school district for residency purposes and these students are sent on this tuition basis, based upon a contract that exists between the school district and the private school for the disabled.

Q Now are these students, public school students?

A They are actually public school students who are attending a private school but they are -- they are considered public school students for state aid purposes.

Q And here it says that the District reported 174 students, while the Department verified 118. Is that correct?

1 A That's correct.

- Q And what did you do to verify these numbers?

  A We examined the available contracts, approved contracts for all the private schools for the disabled, listings of the students within special education rosters, we examined individual education programs/IEPs, all for the purpose of verifying that the students being reported were actually in attendance and could be traced to a tuition payment register for existence as an actual student that generated state aid.
- Q Now you say in here that there was "limited incomplete supporting documentation." Is that correct?

  A That's correct.
- Q And to what are you referring?

  A I'm referring to a decrease of 50 students that were -- were backed out of the count based upon our audit review.
- Q And what missing documentation was there?

  A There were missing contracts in certain cases. In certain cases, there were missing tuition payments. In certain cases, the students did not actually begin their program until after October 14<sup>th</sup>. And as I recall, there was a category of students who were actually sent not to other private schools for the

disabled, but other educational agencies that are not public schools, they're not private schools, but they can be allowed if there's an order of some kind by an administrative law decision or a commissioner's approval. There are very specific requirements that those students be pre-approved before they can be reported on an application.

- Q Next you move to "Summary of Resident Enrollment." Is that correct?
- A Yes, that's correct.

- A All the categories that we've discussed lead up to a magic number, if you will, or a sum number that is the -- is the number that's sorted by grade levels, special ed levels, and it's -- it's inputted for factor purposes to calculate a state aid. So you basically have a sum of the in-district students who are attending, the out-of-district school students who are residents in different categories, backing out any students that are not residents of the district that are received from another district -- add, subtract, add, subtract until you come up to the total resident enrollment number for state aid purposes.
- Q Now you state that the District reported 5,317.5 residents while OFAC verified 5,233, for a

decrease of 84.5. What did you do to verify?

A Well, by now, there was -- these -- these were simply the mathematical summations of these numbers. We had already gone through each category and done our verification process, again, to supporting documentation to indicate that students were -- were properly or not properly reported.

Q And how do you decrease a student by .5?

A Well, again, using the shared time students as an example, if you had one student who is enrolled as a 12<sup>th</sup> grader who is also enrolled in the vocational school, well that student represents .5 of a resident student for, in this case, Lakewood's purposes. The other .5 is actually a resident count for the vocational school under the law.

Q After this, you go into something called "Low-Income Enrollment." What is that?

A Okay. Beginning with all these categories that are listed in the rest of the report after the summary of resident enrollment, these are subset categories so additional factors can be added in for school funding formula purposes and the low-income enrollment is one of those categories. Basically, it's a count within -- within the resident enrollment count, it's the number of students who are eligible for free or reduced meal

and there's an extra -- that's considered at-risk

funding or extra funding component under the funding

formula.

Q And when you say it's considered an extra funding component, do you know how that is?

A Well, there are weights for all the different students in the funding formula, so a student may have a particular weight because they're a high school student, but if they're also eligible for a free and reduced meal, there could be an additional funding weight attached to that.

And so -- pardon me -- you state that the

- District reported 4,442 students while the DOE verified 4,235 LEP students -- not LEP -- low-income students.

  Pardon me. What did you do to verify this?

  A We examined the -- what's known as the Master Eligibility Listing and other documents that are required to be maintained by the school district for National School Lunch purposes and those documents are also used to verify the counts on the application for state school aid.
- Q So there was a decrease of approximately 200 students. Is that correct?
- A That is correct.
  - O And is this an issue?

1	A It's an issue because this decrease of 200 can
2	certainly impact on the recalculation of state aid.
3	Q And you then discuss LEP students. Is that
4	correct?
5	A Yes, that's correct.
6	Q And what is an LEP student?
7	A Limited English Proficient Student.
8	Q Okay.
9	A So a student enrolled in the district who may not
10	be sufficiently English language proficient based upon
11	an evaluation or test administered to that student for
12	the first time that they're enrolled in the district.
13	Q And do LEP students have this additional
14	weight factor?
15	A They do because they receive the additional
16	weight factor is supposed to be used because these
17	students are receiving additional educational services
18	under English as a Second Language.
19	Q Now you separate your LEP the LEP students
20	here into low-income LEP students and not low-income
21	LEP students. Is that correct?
22	A Yeah, that is because the state funding formula
23	separates them.
24	Q Why?
25	A There are different factors for a low-income LEP

Ortley - Direct 30 1 versus a not low-income LEP. There's a slightly higher aid factor for -- so there's -- there's an aid factor 2 for a child who is limited English proficient as a base 3 4 aid factor and then, on top of that, if that student is 5 eligible for free or reduced lunch, then there's also additional funding involved. 6 7 So does that increase the weight --Α 8 Yes. 9 -- for funding purposes? 10 Yes, it does. Α 11

Q Okay. So would that student potentially receive more money than a not low-income LEP student?

A Yes, absolutely.

Q All right. And so you state that the
District reported 843 LEP resident students while the
Department verified 747. Is that correct?

A Yes, that's correct.

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Q And what did you do to verify this information?

A We examined all the test scores, student rosters, compared the names of the students back to the attendance and enrollment records that were used for on-roll full-time and determined that there were various reasons why there were 96 students that couldn't be considered eligible, most probably because

they were not given a test or there was not a documented test or they weren't actually enrolled in the school district.

- Q And this is an issue?
- A Yes, it is.

- Q Why is it an issue?
- A Because this can decrease the district's state aid.
- Q Now you next have a section called "Transported Students, Regular and In-District Special Education Students." Is that correct?
- A That's correct.
  - Q And to what are you referring here?
  - A We're referring -- we're referring to the entire population at the time of audit of all students being transported by the District, and in this case, it would have been a combination of public school students and non-public school students. And this particular count here only deals with students who were eligible for state aid funding, either because they're more than remote from home to school or they have an IEP which requires a transportation component for that child, based upon their disability, even if they're less than remote. And this generates state aid.
    - Q You stated that the District reported 14,003

students while OFAC was able to verify 13,676.5 students. Is that correct?

A Yes, that is correct.

- Q And what did you do to verify this?

  A Okay. The staff examined -- well, the staff compares every name that's contained in this 14,003 to supporting documentation. The Department of Education maintains a database every year for the transportation report, so we're already -- we already have at our disposal for audit purposes, our audit staff is examining each and every name and comparing it to the New Jersey School Register in the case of, say, indistrict regular public school students to ensure that they were actually students attending the district and that there's a match to the names of the students that were transported.
- Q And to what do you credit the decrease of 326.5 students?

A The decreases were a net result of a lot of pluses and minuses that are actually tied into a supporting schedule in the report. But, you know, in most cases, the decreases would have most likely been caused by the fact that students purported to be transported to one of the public schools, those names of the students did not appear in New Jersey School Registers.

Another listing would be for students enrolled in the non-public schools. There's a form that's an attendance certification form known as a B8T, so in those cases, the names of the students purported to be transported to the schools could not be verified into the attendance certifications for each of those non-public schools.

Another reason you could have a decrease is because a child may have an IEP but the IEP does not actually contain a specific requirement that the child be transported. There can also be increases because there are other higher paying categories where there were not enough information in the IEP for the higher paid category but those students could be moved into this lower paid category. So there are — there are increases and decreases as a result of this.

- Q In this section, you discuss something called "Audit Exceptions." What's an audit exception?

  A Well, anything that's a difference, anything that's a change, so an audit exception could be anything that's a plus or a minus.
- Q Okay. And so -- pardon me -- so you state that "Audit exceptions were reduced as a result of the current administration efforts to resolve the audit exceptions to a limited degree." What do you mean by

that?

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Well, you know, based upon the volume of students, the audit staff that was assigned to this were in the district for well over a year. There were many, many times where we developed exception lists and worked with the District, most notably, staff that were within the pupil transfer or student transportation department, to say, you know, look, we're missing this -- these -- this is what we're missing for this student. We're trying to find this student in the 12th grade New Jersey School Register, because they're supposed to be a 12th grader who's, you know, who's transported. Can you help us help you bring your numbers, your exception numbers down? Perhaps you can do research together with us. So the District may find that the child was actually being transported in the 11th grade or something of that nature. So there were -- there was a lot of -- of continued ongoing follow-up work with the District to ensure that they got credit for anything we could give them credit for. So that's -- that was put in the report, to make sure that we -we let -- we let the reader know that the District cooperated with us to work on this.

Q And did you allow the District to submit additional documentation to you throughout the audit?

- A Absolutely.
- 2 Q Why?

- A Because it's fair and it leads to fair and accurate reporting.
  - Q And do you do this with all districts or just Lakewood?
  - A All districts.
  - Q You next discuss "Transported Students, Special Education." What do you mean by this?
  - A These students are similar to the category we just discussed except that there's usually an intensive service involved, so therefore, it's a much higher funding rate -- funding formula rate. Of course, as you can see, the total population that we're auditing is -- is less.
  - Q And so why -- why is this section here?

    A This section is here because, again, it's -- it ties into the actual state aid calculation for pupil transportation.
    - Q And why?
  - A Again, we're -- we're trying to determine or the object or our audit is to determine whether or not the District received the proper amount of state aid that they're entitled to receive.
    - Q Now you state that the District reported 267

1	students, while the Department verified 175.5. What
2	did you do to verify these students?
3	A This, again, is the most important examination
4	was of the records containing the IEPs for special
5	education intensive intensive service purposes.
6	Q So what accounted for the decrease from what
7	was reported to what was verified?
8	A In most of these cases, the decreases would have
9	been because the specific intensive service was not
LO	required in the in the IEP.
L1	Q Okay. And is this decrease important?
L2	A It's important because it leads to a recalculation
L3	of state aid.
L 4	Q Now finally, you discuss "Transported
L5	Students, Courtesy." Is that correct?
L 6	A That's correct.
L7	Q What do you mean by this?
L 8	A Courtesy students are students who are transported
L 9	by the District who are less than remote and don't
20	actually have a special education requirement but the
21	District is basically reporting them for courtesy
22	purposes. They're not students who generate any state
23	aid at all, but their count ties into these other two

Q So is it fair to say that the District

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counts.

- Ortley Direct

  receives no state aid for courtesy bussing? Is that

  true?

  A That's correct.

  Q Okay. And why do you have this section here

  on courtesy bussing?
  - A We have the section here because it's -- it's still data that's reported to the Department, so it was necessary to review and compare. Because some -- some students may have been moved out of this category, into a paid category, and then other students who were in the paid category might have been moved into this non-paid category. It's a massive undertaking.
  - Q Now you state in the report that the District reported it bussed 9,368 courtesy students and the Department verified 9,398.5 students. Is this correct?

    A That's correct.
  - Q And would that be a decrease of approximately 30 students?
  - A Yes.

- Q And what did you find --
- A Or in this case -- actually, in this case, it was an increase of 30 students.
- Q Increase -- pardon me -- so it's an increase. What did you do to find an increase?
- 25 A Well, we had done all the detailed review that I

had indicated in your previous questions, so this is a summary of the resulting changes as a result of our review. In this category, this is not something that would necessarily impact on -- on state aid, unless part of these 30 and a half students had come from some of the other factors. But it all is combined together to recalculate state aid.

- Q So you have a section here called "Conclusion." Is that correct?
- A Yes, that's correct.

Q And from this audit report, what was the conclusion?

A The conclusion is that the calculations used for the District's formula funding, the grand, you know, total formula funding prior to New Jersey legislation amending the amounts for -- for budget purposes, this is the -- this represents the total dollar amount that the District could have lost had the District been fully funded under the state aid formula, the SFRA of 2008 formula.

- Q And what was the total impact of your finding?
- A 2,308,499 dollars.
  - Q And is that documented in your report?
- 25 A Yes, it is.

	<del>-</del>
1	Q Going to you had recommendations, is that
2	correct, in your report?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And is this something and that's on page
5	DOE-0132. Is this something you normally do in an
6	audit report?
7	A Yeah, pursuant to our audit process and procedure,
8	which goes back many decades, each time we issue a
9	report to any school district, the report is issued to
10	the board president with copies that go to the chief
11	school administrator, the chief business administrator,
12	and other parties within the district. These
13	recommendations serve as the the outline of a
14	template for the District to enact corrective actions
15	so that they can hopefully, you know, increase their
16	accuracy for future state aid purposes.
17	Q Okay. And so, you said that this goes to a
18	variety of people in the district. Do you ever meet
19	with those people to discuss this report?
20	A Absolutely.
21	Q And is there a formal formal process for
22	that?
23	A Yeah, there's there's a multiple process for
24	that. I mean, especially in an audit like this which

dealt with such a high volume of data, there's an

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entrance conference laying out what we're going to do at the beginning of the assignment. There are, in certain cases, daily contact with our audit staff, as well as further contact, including myself, on an ongoing, continuous basis with the District. Eventually, when the -- the audit process is concluded, the District still has an opportunity at an exit conference to be given an opportunity to either provide any additional information or to at least understand, as detailed as possible, why the findings are what they are. So in conducting an exit conference with the District, we would actually have an unofficial draft of this report with no signatures on it so that the school

Why, at this point, would you allow them to provide any additional documentation?

district can see the volume and magnitude of the

could mitigate some of these findings.

findings involved and it's possible that they could

still attempt to provide additional information which

- Because it's the fair thing to do in any case with Α any audit with any district.
- After the exit conference, after an audit report is drafted, an official one, where does that go? Well, the Department has had a longstanding process of having a response period, and of course, we

mentioned the OFAC earlier in your questioning. There is, in the Administrative Code, a process where a school district has up to as many as 75 days to respond publicly to such an audit report, and they have choices.

Q And what are those choices?

A The choices are to accept the report as it is or appeal the entire report and attempt to provide documentation or request an appeal for certain portions of the findings.

Q Okay. Now if a district does not appeal the report, what happens?

A If a district does not appeal the report, they still need to -- to submit a corrective action plan, backed up by a board resolution by the public -- you know, at a public meeting, indicating that the report has been read and discussed and acknowledged and accepted.

Q What is a corrective action plan?

A It's -- it's a document which is -- again, it's a template that matches the, in this case, eight recommendations, where the District offers a response to each of the recommendations, indicating that, yes, we will attempt to enhance our procedures in a manner that will ensure more accuracy in the future.

Ortley - Direct 1 And who is the corrective action plan Q 2 submitted to? It's submitted to my -- well, I'm talking in the 3 present tense. I don't work there anymore. But when I 4 5 did, it was submitted both to my attention and to my director's attention. And in a case like this, it 6 7 would also be at least shared with certain high level assistant commissioners such as Division of Finance and 8 9 Field Services to ensure that the District's corrective action response is correct -- you know, is acceptable. 10 11 And if, in fact, it's acceptable, then a letter would 12 13

be issued, either under my signature or Mr. Cicchino's signature, indicating that your corrective action plan assurances are acceptable, so we can move on and close the case, but then that could lead to an actual collection of state aid recovery.

Did Lakewood submit a corrective action plan with regard to the ASSA/DRTRS audit we just discussed? Yes, they did. Α

Okay. And did you acknowledge the corrective action plan?

Α We did.

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In what manner?

We acknowledged it ultimately in writing by giving approval of the corrective action plan.

1	Q Okay. I'd like you to take a look at what
2	has been labeled as R-23 in the binder before you.
3	A Okay.
4	Q Do you recognize this document?
5	A I do.
6	Q And what is this document?
7	A This is our closure, if you will our closeout
8	report and approval of their corrective action plan.
9	(R-23 Marked for
10	Identification)
11	Q And do you know who authored this document?
12	A I did.
13	Q And was this document made near or at the
14	time you reviewed the Lakewood Public School corrective
15	action plan for the ASA ASSA/DRTRS audit?
16	A Yes, it was.
17	Q And was this made in the regular course of
18	business at the Department of Education?
19	A Yes, it was.
20	Q And was it then kept or maintained in the
21	regular course of business of the Department of
22	Education?
23	A Yes, it was.
24	MS. HOFF: Your Honor, I would like to move R-
25	23 into evidence at this time.

	Ortley - Direct 44
1	THE COURT: Mr. Lang?
2	MR. LANG: (Out of microphone range)
3	THE COURT: All right. It will be accepted.
4	(R-23 Entered into
5	Evidence)
6	BY MS. HOFF:
7	Q And what is the purpose of this letter?
8	A The purpose of this letter is to share our review
9	of the corrective action plan and also acknowledge that
10	we had follow-up meetings with the district
11	administrators.
12	Q What's the purpose of follow-up meetings with
13	district administrators?
14	A The purpose was to give the District a chance to
15	submit additional information that was was located
16	or identified. Even though the District didn't file a
17	formal appeal, they did request that our team come out
18	and review some additional information to see
19	Q And did you do so?
20	A And we did.
21	Q And were there any adjustments made to the
22	prior report?
23	A Yeah, there were some adjustments in the favor of
24	the school district which reduced the state aid
25	differences.

1 And why would you make such adjustments if 2 they didn't file formal appeal? Because that's the way I conducted business with 3 all the districts -- a fair attempt to give the 4 5 District credit for anything we could possibly give 6 them credit for. 7 And you stated that there were some adjustments in favor of the District. 8 9 Α Yes. 10 So did that mean the District was able to 11 provide more documentation outside of when you were 12 there doing the audit? 13 Α Yes. 14 So what were your conclusions based on the 15 corrective action plan? 16 The corrective action plan was found to be Α 17 acceptable as submitted and we reduced the final state 18 aid recovery slightly down to a number just a little 19 over two million dollars. 20 And when you say "state aid recovery," what 21 do you mean by that? 22 That's the -- the amount of change in the state Α 23 aid formula calculation. And again, these -- these 24 total recoveries is the -- are the dollars that a 25

district would have had to pay back to us if the final

MS. HOFF: Thank you, Your Honor. I have no

further questions for this witness.

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1	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lang?
2	MR. LANG: I'll be very brief.
3	In case you need the CAFR, I'm going to ask
4	you some questions about the CAFR ending June $30^{\mathrm{th}}$ ,
5	2018.
6	THE WITNESS: Okay.
7	MR. LANG: I could give it to you both.
8	MS. HOFF: I'm just not sure that the CAFR was
9	on the scope of direct examination.
LO	THE COURT: It wasn't. All we really did was
L1	go over this.
L2	MR. LANG: No, I'm going to ask about page
L3	about the audit recovery the audit recovery that was
L 4	today and
L5	THE COURT: All right. I'll permit some cross
L 6	examination and we'll see where it goes.
L7	MR. LANG: Would you like to look at it?
L 8	THE WITNESS: Sure.
L 9	THE COURT: Do you have a copy for everybody?
20	MR. LANG: Yeah, I gave it to them already.
21	MR. INZELBUCH: We have it. (Out of
22	microphone range) this morning.
23	MR. LANG: Yeah. No, I wanted to give you
24	(out of microphone range), so
25	MS. HOFF: Oh, he gave us this, yes.

1	THE COURT: Okay. So it's marked P-82.
2	MR. INZELBUCH: (Out of microphone range)
3	MS. HOFF: (Out of microphone range)
4	MR. LANG: I gave you one.
5	MS. HOFF: Thank you.
6	CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. LANG:
7	Q All right. So this is just very two very
8	quick questions, Mr. Ortley. According to the CAFR
9	well, the CAFR, the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018,
10	at the beginning of the 2018/19 school year, 2,305,605
11	was due to the State for audit recoveries. You can see
12	that on page 31, Register Audit Recovery.
13	THE COURT: Do you see that, Mr. Ortley?
14	Middle of the page.
15	THE WITNESS: Register Audit Recovery okay.
16	MR. INZELBUCH: Identify the number.
17	MR. LANG: Oh, this is P-82.
18	THE WITNESS: Okay, I see it here.
19	THE COURT: I think I identified it.
20	MR. LANG: P-82.
21	THE COURT: P-82.
22	BY MR. LANG:
23	Q And if (out of microphone range), there's
24	also, on page 79, the note saying what those are for.
25	But I'm just going to ask you one guestion two

1 questions concerning that.

Mr. Ortley, do you agree that this amount is less than 10 percent of the state aid advance amount, the 28,182,090 dollars approved to balance Lakewood's budget for 2018/19?

A I'd answer your question by saying that's what this document says. This is the first time I'm looking at it, so I guess --

- Q Yeah, according to the document.
- A According to the document, yes.
- Q Okay. One other question. According to the CAFR here, at the beginning of the 2018/19 school year, 17,193,843 dollars in state aid advance loans payable was already due to the State. That's before the 28 million.

A Uh huh.

MS. HOFF: Objection. This goes beyond the scope of direct examination.

MR. LANG: No, I'm going to ask about the -
THE COURT: It does, but he said he's going to
be brief.

MR. LANG: It's two questions.

MS. HOFF: Okay.

BY MR. LANG:

Q Do you agree, at that time, at that point in

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Attendance Registers as being in attendance -- regular
attendance at the district.

Q Okay. And then on the next page, on page

three, the summary came to a total number of 5,233, approximately.

A Yes.

Q And in the meantime, you noted that the total number of students who were being transported -- let me make sure I have this right -- at that time, OFAC verified 13,678 -- 676.5 students.

A Yes.

Q Okay. And those students were the regular students that had to be transported and the special education students.

A Yes, and they were also all of the non-public students that were being transported.

- Q Right. And this was not courtesy students'.
- A No, this is not courtesy students'.
  - Q Okay. So already at that point, there's more than two times the number of students being transported who were actually enrolled in the schools.

A That's correct.

Q Okay. Was any discussion made with the Board or anybody else at the time about this possibly creating a problem in the future?

MS. HOFF: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. All right, so we'll see

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Colloquy everybody tomorrow morning. MS. HOFF: Thank you. THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you. MR. LANG: Your Honor, tomorrow we only have till three o'clock? Is that --THE COURT: Yes, I have a previous engagement. And as I indicated also, the same issue with Wednesday morning. It may have to be a little bit of a later start. {Whereupon, the proceedings were adjourned.} 

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1	STATE OF NEW JERSEY }
2	COUNTY OF }
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4	I, Peggy Wasco, assigned transcriber, do
5	hereby affirm that the foregoing is a true and accurate
6	transcript of the proceedings in the matter of <u>Leonor</u>
7	Alcantara, individually and as Guardian ad Litem for
8	E.A., et al. vs. David Hespe, Commissioner of
9	Education, New Jersey State Board of Education and New
10	Jersey Department of Education, bearing Docket No. EDU
11	11069-14, heard on July 22, 2019 before the Office of
12	Administrative Law Court.
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